



Preliminary results on chemical composition of two conventional and one genetically engineered plum cultivars

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ROMANIA





Conventional plums vs Genetically engineered plums







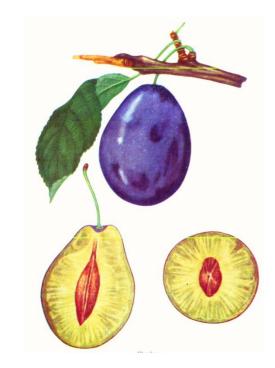


STANLEY

✤Fruits are large or very large (35-40 g), inverse ovoid shape, irregular, dark blue skin and golden yellow flesh on maturity

Chemical composition (as determined in the lab) in the next slides

Resistant to transport and storage, consumed especially as fresh fruits









REINE CLAUDE D'ALTHAN

Fruits are very large (45-58 g), round shape, slightly applatized on edges, different colors on maturity, our variety violet-red the skin and golden yellow flesh

Chemical composition characterized by high content of sugars

One of the finest varieties for consuming as fresh fruits, resistant to transport and handling



Renclod Althan







HONEYSWEET

♦ Genetically engineered plum tree, resistant to Plum Pox Virus

Two new genes are introduced in the DNA of plums, safe for the environment (European Food Safety Authority, US government authorities)

✤ Large fruits (60 g), sweet and flavoured









ANALYZED PLUM FRUITS

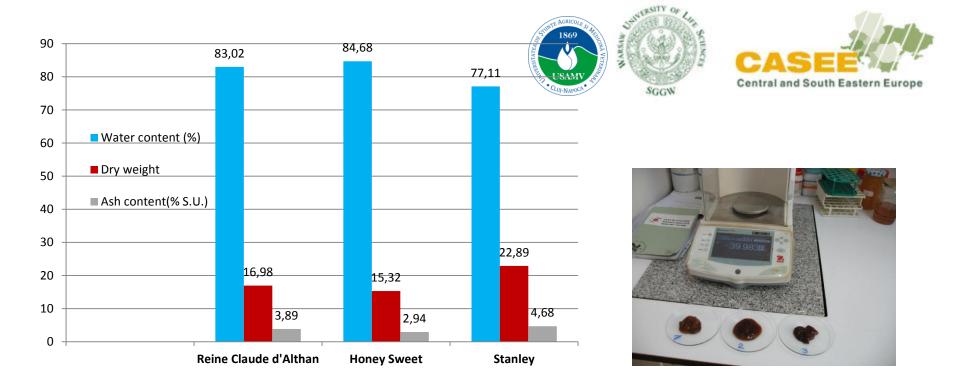
Honey Sweet



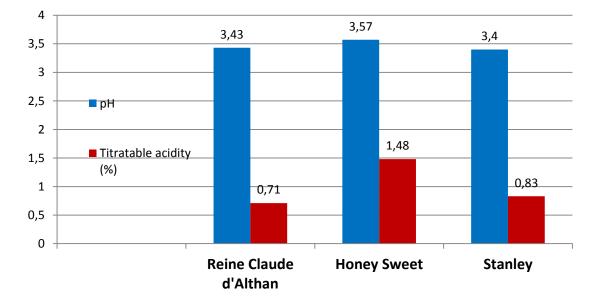
Reine Claude d'Althan







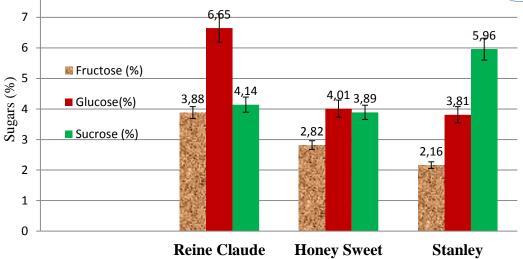












Reine Claude d'Althan

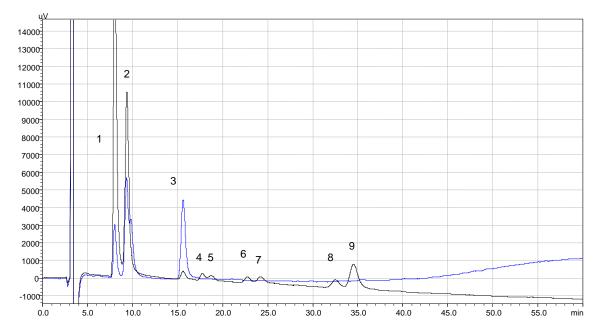
Honey Sweet







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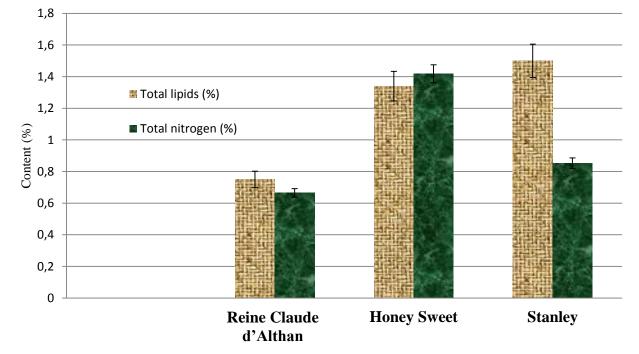






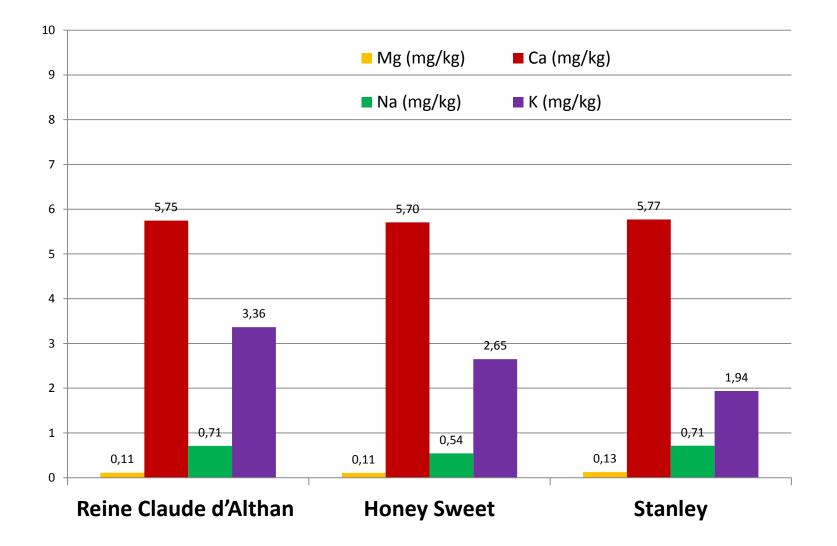












Conclusions:



Depending on the variety of fruits, highest content of water was registered in Honey Sweet (the largest fruits), followed by Reine Claude d'Althan and Stanley.

The highest content of soluble solids presented Reine Claude d'Althan, followed by Stanley and Honey Sweet

The highest amount of sugars was registered in Reine Claude d'Althan variety, evidentiating the high fructose content. Honey Sweet variety presented an equilibrate sugar content, between the three main sugars determined

High lipid content was registered in Stanley variety, and low amounts for Reine Claude d'Althan. Protein content was low in the two mentioned varieties. Honey Sweet variety exhibit again an equilibrate protein and lipid content, higher than the other analyzed varieties

High amounts of calcium were determined in all fruits, followed by potassium, sodium and magnesium.





Perspectives:

Further studies will be made on comparative organic acids determination

- Polyphenolic spectrum
- Antioxidant activity
- Other bioactive properties







